September 22, 2003

Mr. G. Chadwick Weaver First Assistant City Attorney City of Midland P.O. Box 1152 Midland, Texas 79702-1152

OR2003-6643

Dear Mr. Weaver:

You have asked whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 190503.

The Midland Police Department (the "department") received a request for information pertaining to a June 12, 2003 incident. The department has released most of the information but argues the social security numbers and motor vehicle information are excepted from public disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.130 of the Government Code.

Section 552.101 excepts from required public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Social security numbers and related records are excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 in conjunction with the 1990 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I), if the social security number information was obtained or is maintained by a governmental body pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990. See Open Records Decision No. 622 (1994). You claim that the social security numbers fall under the federal Social Security Act because they were obtained pursuant to section 411.086 of the Government Code. That provision contemplates rules that the Department of Public Safety ("DPS") shall adopt in regard to requests for criminal history information. Section 411.086(b)(2) states that such rules "may require a person requesting criminal history information about an individual to submit to [DPS] one or more of the following: . . . (E) any known identifying number of the individual, including social security number"

While you state that the collection of social security numbers "by police officers helps establish identities of criminals," you do not specifically state whether the department obtained or maintained the social security numbers at issue in order to request criminal history information from DPS. Moreover, you do not inform us as to whether DPS actually requires or required the department to submit the social security numbers at issue in order to request criminal history information. We find that if the department obtained or maintains the social security numbers in order to request criminal history information from DPS, and if DPS actually requires or required the department to submit the social security numbers with its request for criminal history information, then the social security numbers are confidential under section 411.086 of the Government Code in conjunction with federal law.

Section 552.130 excepts from disclosure information relating to a driver's license, motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state. Thus, the Texas drivers' license numbers and vehicle identification number are confidential under section 552.130.

However, because these provisions protect a person's privacy and the requestor represents Kenneth Ray Jones, whose motor vehicle information and social security number are also at issue, the requestor has a special right of access under section 552.023 to his client's information. Gov't Code § 552.023 (person or person's authorized representative has special right of access to information held by governmental body that relates to the person and that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect the person's privacy interests). Thus, the department must release the social security number, vehicle identification number, and driver's license number of the requestor's client to him.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records

will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss of the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

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Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

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YHL/sdk

Ref: ID# 190503

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Don Bodenhamer

Attorney at Law 6211 Airport Freeway Fort Worth, Texas 76117

(w/o enclosures)